EXCLUSIVE

The secret US embassy files

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theguardiar

Cables reveal Shell's grip on Nigerian state

Oil firm executive boasts it has staff placed in 'every relevant ministry'

David Smith Lagos

The oil giant Shell claimed it had inserted staff into all the main ministries of the Nigerian government, giving it access to politicians' every move in the oil-rich Niger Delta, according to a leaked US diplomatic cable.

The company's top executive in Nigeria told US diplomats that Shell had seconded employees to every relevant department and so knew "everything that was being done in those ministries". She boasted that the Nigerian government had "forgotten" about the extent of Shell's infiltration and were unaware of how much the company knew about its deliberations.

The cache of secret dispatches from Washington's embassies in Africa also revealed that the Anglo-Dutch oil firm swapped intelligence with the US, in



one case providing US diplomats with the names of Nigerian politicians it suspected of supporting militant activity, and requesting information from the US on whether the militants had acquired anti-aircraft missiles.

Other cables released last night reveal: US diplomats fear that Kenya could erupt in violence worse than that experienced that saw hackers sympathetic to Wiki-Leaks target MasterCard and Visa over their decision to block payments to the whistleblowers' website.

The website's founder, Julian Assange, spent a second night in jail after a judge refused him bail prior to an extradition hearing to face questioning over sexual assault charges in Sweden.

Campaigners last night said the revelation about Shell in Nigeria demonstrated the tangled links between the oil firm and politicians in the country where, despite billions of dollars in oil revenue, 70% of people live below the poverty line.

Cables from Nigeria show how Ann Pickard, then Shell's vice-president for sub-Saharan Africa, sought to share intelligence with the US government on militant activity and business competition in the contested Niger Delta - and how, with some prescience, she seemed reluctant to open up because of a suspicion the US government was "leaky".

But that did not prevent Pickard disclosing the company's reach into the Nigerian government when she met US ambassador Robin Renee Sanders, as recorded in a confidential memo from the US embassy in Abuja on 20 October 2009.

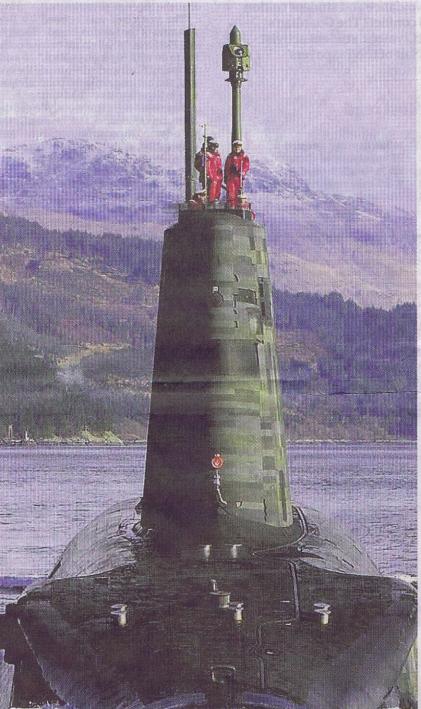
At the meeting, Pickard related how the company had obtained a letter showing that the Nigerian government had invited bids for oil concessions from China. She said the minister of state for petroleum resources, Odein Ajumogobia, had denied the letter had been sent but Shell knew similar correspondence had taken place with China and Russia.

The ambassador reported: "She said the



Tomorrow

Burma



David Leigh

Two senior Whitehall officials as diplomats that the renewal of Trident nuclear deterrent would apparently contradicting then pr ister Gordon Brown's public sta proposing some disarmament b according to leaked US embassy

The London embassy sent a se back to Washington last autum ing conversations with the two of ants, Richard Freer and Judith (which they cast doubt on the sig of Brown's announcement at the eral assembly that Britain migh number of planned new Triden rines from four to three.

It is not clear from the cables the Britons were speaking on authority. In the dispatches, US officials describe them as "HMG esty's Government] sources" a that their identities should be p

Freer is one of Whitehall's most tial officials and a member of Da eron's small team of private seco Downing Street.

According to the leaked ca anxiety about the future of Brit dent missiles followed Brown at the UN in September 2009 nuclear disarmament.

In London, Freer and Gough Americans that Brown's words a surprise to them because the actual change of British nucle under way. There would conti "no daylight" between the US at on the existing £20bn Trident rep scheme, the Americans were as

One US dispatch, classified a noforn", meaning only for US e "[Brown's] announcement of a fleet reduction caught many in FCO and Cabinet Office by surpr

It continued: "Dr Richard Free protect) head of defence and policy ... told Poloff [politica September 23 that 'in an ideal w have done a bit more pre-vettin speech]'. One of Freer's Cabir deputies was blunter, telling P the announcement was 'unexp

"Both Freer and Judith Goug protect), deputy head of the policy group at the Foreign a monwealth Office, stressed to that HMG has not formally to scale back the deterrent bu only do so if a government review determines, in Freer' that it would be 'technically fer maintain 'continuous deterrence with three submarines ...

Inside Pro-WikiLeaks hackers go on the attack » The two women at the centre of the storm » Rampant corruption in Kenya

after the election in 2008 unless rampant government corruption is tackled.

• America asked Uganda to let it know if its army intended to commit war crimes based on US intelligence - but did not try to prevent war crimes taking place.

• Washington's ambassador to the troubled African state of Eritrea described its president, Isaias Afwerki, as a cruel "unhinged dictator" whose regime was "one bullet away from implosion".

The latest revelations came on a day

GON [government of Nigeria] had forgotten that Shell had seconded people to all the relevant ministries and that Shell consequently had access to everything that was being done in those ministries."

Nigeria is Africa's lead-

ing oil producer and the eighth biggest exporter in the world, accounting for 8% of US oil imports. Although a recent UN

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HMS Vengeance, one of four Vanguard class boats with Trident nuclear missiles. The US feared it might not be renewed Photograph: Graeme Hart/Perthshire Picture

Continued on page 2 »

On defining day for tuition fees, more mass action planned

Patrick Wintour and Nicholas Watt

In what is set to be a defining day for English universities and politics, most Liberal Democrat MPs are expected today to join their party leader, Nick Clegg, to force through a trebling of university tuition fees, in the face of what are likely to be angry student street protests and bitter recriminations at Westminster. at one point demanded the energy secretary, Chris Huhne, make the 5,000-mile trip home from the climate change summit in Cancún, Mexico, to vote. Later, it emerged he would stay at the summit.

In a further sign of the stresses, Simon Hughes, the party's deputy leader, told his local party he would be abstaining from the vote at the end of this evening's fivehour debate. Hughes made his decision

despite playing a prominent role in winning three last-minute concessions from the business department covering scholarships, part-time students and the £21,000 repayment threshold.

Other Liberal Democrat ministers, such as the schools secretary, Sarah Teather, found themselves hounded by TV cameras as they left their homes, refusing to answer reporters' questions.

Clegg has ensured that all 17 Liberal

pledge and vote against, including two former leaders, Charles Kennedy and Sir Menzies Campbell.

Conservative and Labour whips expect an overall majority of about 30 for the increase, but it has become the first serious test of the coalition's coherence since the election in May.

In a media blitz, Clegg accepted that, before the election, he had pledged to get rid of tuition fees over two parliaments, The return of the A special report from Montana G2 page 10 »

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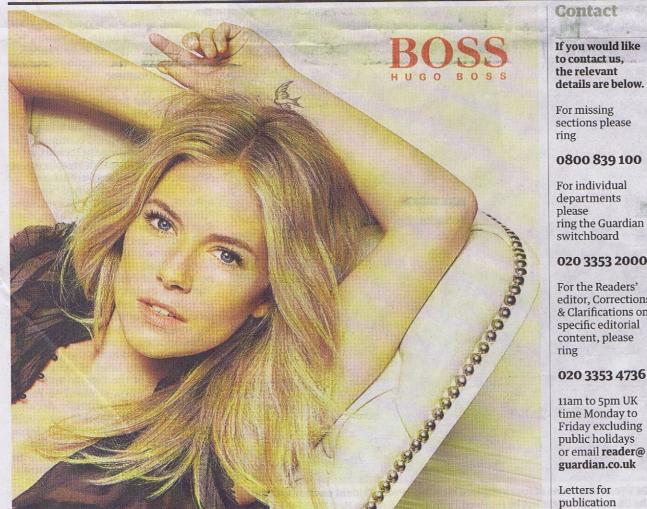
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Cables reveal Shell's grip on Nigerian state

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report largely exonerated the company, critics accuse Shell, the biggest operator in the delta, and other companies, of causing widespread pollution and environmental damage in the region. Militant groups engaged in hostage-taking and sabotage have proliferated.

The WikiLeaks disclosure was yesterday seized on by campaigners as evidence of Shell's vice-like grip on the country's oil wealth. "Shell and the government of Nigeria are two sides of the same coin," said Celestine AkpoBari, programme officer for Social Action Nigeria.

Shell is everywhere. They have an eye and an ear in every ministry of Nigeria. They have people on the payroll in every community, which is why they get away with everything. They are more powerful than the Nigerian government.

The criticism was echoed by Ben Amunwa of the London-based oil watchdog Platform. "Shell claims to have nothing to do with Nigerian politics," he said. "In reality, Shell works deep inside the system, and has long exploited political channels in Nigeria to its own advantage.'

Nigeria last night strenuously denied the claim. Levi Ajuonoma, a spokesman for the state-owned Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation, said: "Shell does not control the government of Nigeria and has never controlled the government of Nigeria. This cable is the mere interpretation of one individual. It is absolutely untrue, an absolute falsehood and utterly misleading. It is an attempt to demean the government and we will not stand for that. I don't think anybody will lose sleep over it.

Another cable released yesterday, from the US consulate in Lagos and dated 19 September 2008, claims that Pickard told US diplomats that two named regional politicians were behind unrest in the Rivers state. She also asked if the American

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diplomats had any intelligence on shipments of surface to air missiles (SAMs) to militants in the Niger Delta.

"She claimed Shell has 'intelligence' that one to three SAMs may have been shipped to Nigerian militant groups, although she seemed somewhat sceptical of that information and wondered if such sensitive systems would last long in the harsh environment of the Niger Delta," the cable said.

Pickard also said Shell had learned from the British government details of Russian energy company Gazprom's ambitions to enter the Nigerian market. In June last year, Gazprom signed a \$2.5bn (£1.5bn) deal with the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation to build refineries, pipelines and gas power stations.

Shell put a request to the US consulate for potentially sensitive intelligence about its possible rival, which she said had secured a promise from the Nigerian gov ernment of access to 17 trillion cubic feet of natural gas - roughly a tenth of Nigeria's entire reserves. "Pickard said that amount of gas was only available if the GON were to take concessions currently assigned to other oil companies and give them to Gazprom. She assumed Shell would be the GON's prime target." Pickard alleged that a

'Shell does not control Nigeria. This cable is absolutely untrue, an absolute falsehood'

conversation with a Nigerian government minister had been secretly recorded by the Russians. Shortly after the meeting in the minister's office she received a verbatim transcript of the meeting "from Russia", according to the memo.

The cable concludes with the observation that the oil executive had tended to be guarded in discussion with US officials. "Pickard has repeatedly told us she does not like to talk to USG [US government] officials because the USG is 'leaky'." She may be concerned that ... bad news about Shell's Nigerian operations will leak out." Shell declined to comment on the

allegations, saying: "You are seeking our views on a leaked cable allegedly containing information about a private conversation involving a Shell representative, but have declined to share this cable or to permit us sufficient time to obtain information from the person you say took part in the conversation on the part of Shell. In view of this, we cannot comment on the alleged contents of the cable, including the correctness or incorrectness of any statements you say it contains."



US was told to ignore Trident statement

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"Freer criticised media for exagg ing the significance of Brown's annou ment, opining that it was 'not rea major disarmament announcement' The cable added: "Julian Miller

deputy head of the foreign and def policy secretariat at the Cabinet O assured the political minister couns September 24 that HMG would con with the US regarding future deve ments concerning the Trident deter to assure there would be 'no dayl between the US and UK."

A Foreign Office spokesman refus say yesterday whether or not the two cials had authority to talk to the US.

US concern about the future of dent had first surfaced a few weeks lier, before Brown's speech to the when British media carried unattrib political briefings which suggestee Labour government intended to a crucial Trident replacement decision

The nuclear-armed French init believed this news was significant, one French official telling the US: "Th is starting to seem really convinced disarmament is possible, since it abandon its Trident submarine-laun ballistic missile programme.'

The French were so upset they prot to US diplomats that Labour mini were acting like "demagogues". Bro stance that nuclear weapons in ge were immoral was, by implication, th ening "an essential part of French stra identity", they complained. British servants said the hints of disarma were confined to the Cabinet Office.

The US chargé d'affaires, Ric LeBaron, told Washington Gough also named the British official behin off-the-record media briefings. "J Gough (protect) ... told Poloff July 2 the unnamed official who had briefe press was Simon McDonald, the net Office head of foreign and de policy. She said that press reports : HMG plans to defer Trident replace design work 'came as news' to FC MoD officers ...

"Diana Venn (protect), an offic the Cabinet Office's foreign and de policy secretariat, told Poloff July 2 there had been a 'slight misunders ing' when McDonald briefed the She stressed that 'Trident is not o table ... we won't disarm unilaterall

The new Conservative administra described as pro-Trident in the dispa "Conservative party defence so have privately affirmed to embassy ers their commitment to the Tr deterrent," diplomats cabled befo general election.

The Conservative government's c public position is that a Trident re ment decision is being deferred for s years, past the next general election

Trident missiles are leased fro US. The cables detail how Britain' marines, which carry the missiles nuclear warheads, depend on "subs American design assistance

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Pipelines carrying oil in Nigeria

Students plan more mass action today

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an exceptional basis.

are proposing '

struggling to explain its policy because

of the "scary" £9,000 upper limit on tui-

tion fees. Asked on Radio 5 Live why he

had been unable to explain why the new system would be fairer, the deputy prime

minister said: "Partly because the figure

which has, in a sense, been caught in the

headlights is the £9,000 figure. In fact the £9,000 figure is only going to happen on

"Because that is such a simple, big,

scary figure, no one perhaps is looking

beyond that headline and asking what

does it mean in terms of how you repay.

over and over again what we are proposing,

rather than what people are alleging we

In a sense that is relatively complex. "We are needing a lot of time to explain ment ... I am a Conservative, I am coalitionist." And a group of university vice-ch lors published a letter last night a that the cost of the student loan se was so expensive that there would

were thinking of rebelling becau

their unease about the coalition. isn't about tuition fees. It is about

cians saying one thing to get elected

a different thing when they are in g

net savings to the exchequer. There were calls for the polic today's protests - which are exped see tens of thousands of demonst target Westminster - to be restr Last night, 28 signatories, including ists, students, journalists and an M their name to a letter urging the to respond to tomorrow's protest peaceful manner".

The Labour MP Jon Cruddas, the ist and musician Billy Bragg, the NU ident, Aaron Porter, and about a groups of students who are occu their universities signed the letter, said that protesters had resorted to action after being "comprehensiv down by the parliamentary proces It added: "Following the eme